AMENDMENT TO

RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 118–10 OFFERED BY MR. GIMENEZ OF FLORIDA

At the end of subtitle C of title XV, insert the following new section:

1	SEC. 15 PORT INFRASTRUCTURE CYBERSECURITY RE-
2	VIEW.
3	(a) Review.—Not later than 240 days after the date
4	of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland
5	Security, acting through the Commandant of the United
6	States Coast Guard, in coordination with the Director of
7	the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency,
8	shall—
9	(1) conduct a security risk assessment to im-
10	prove the cybersecurity of each information and
11	operational technology system used or operated by
12	each covered strategic seaport; and
13	(2) develop recommendations to address any
14	risks identified.
15	(b) Elements.—The security risk assessment under
16	subsection (a)(1) shall include, with respect to each cov-
17	ered strategic seaport, the following:

1	(1) An assessment of any risks or threats posed
2	by cybersecurity vulnerabilities of the information
3	and operational technology systems used or operated
4	by each covered strategic seaport, including all cov-
5	ered port infrastructure equipment that is manufac-
6	tured, controlled or designed by a covered foreign
7	adversary or a covered foreign entity.
8	(2) An assessment of whether there are any
9	other vulnerabilities in the information and oper-
10	ational technology systems used or operated by each
11	covered strategic seaport or covered port infrastruc-
12	ture equipment.
13	(3) An assessment of necessary improvements
14	to such systems or equipment that would be needed
15	to meet, directly or indirectly, national security and
16	defense readiness requirements.
17	(c) Consultation.—The Secretary of Homeland Se-
18	curity shall conduct the security risk assessment under
19	subsection (a)(1) and develop the report under subsection
20	(d) in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Sec-
21	retary of Transportation, and the Area Maritime Security
22	Advisory Committees established under section 70112(b)
23	of title 46, United States Code.
24	(d) Report to Congress.—

1	(1) Report.—Not later than one year after the
2	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
3	Homeland Security, in coordination with the Sec-
4	retary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate
5	congressional committees a report containing—
6	(A) a list of tools, techniques, and proce-
7	dures used to test each electronic system;
8	(B) a list of maritime and transportation
9	operational technologies examined;
10	(C) a list of stakeholders involved in the
11	assessments;
12	(D) critical and high-risk cybersecurity
13	vulnerabilities posed by existing or newly con-
14	structed ship-to-shore cranes manufactured, in
15	whole or in part, by a covered foreign adversary
16	or a covered foreign entity that is in use at
17	United States covered strategic seaports;
18	(E) critical and high-risk cybersecurity
19	vulnerabilities posed by existing or newly pur-
20	chased software, hardware, or cloud architec-
21	ture designed or manufactured in whole or in
22	part by a covered foreign adversary or a cov-
23	ered foreign entity that is in use at each cov-
24	ered strategic seaport;

1	(F) a prioritized list of cybersecurity
2	vulnerabilities discovered in each covered stra-
3	tegic seaport that are essential for mobilization
4	or contingency responses of the Armed Forces,
5	including Military Ocean Terminals;
6	(G) a description of any gaps in authority
7	or jurisdiction at the intersection of United
8	States military property and civilian critical in-
9	frastructure; and
10	(H) risk-prioritized recommendations to
11	mitigate threats to the defense readiness, na-
12	tional security, and continuity of the economy
13	of the United States through enhanced cyberse-
14	curity at each covered strategic seaport and
15	surrounding critical infrastructure.
16	(2) FORM.—The report required under para-
17	graph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form,
18	but may include a classified annex.
19	(e) Prohibition.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
20	sion of law, no covered port infrastructure equipment for
21	which a contract is entered into after the date that is five
22	years after the date of the enactment of this Act, may
23	be operated at any covered strategic seaport.
24	(f) Definitions.—In this section:

1	(1) The term "appropriate congressional com-
2	mittees" means—
3	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security,
4	the Committee on Transportation and Infra-
5	structure, the Committee on Armed Services,
6	and the Select Committee on the Strategic
7	Competition Between the United States and the
8	Chinese Communist Party of the House of Rep-
9	resentatives; and
10	(B) the Committee on Homeland Security
11	and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on
12	Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and
13	the Committee on Armed Services of the Sen-
14	ate.
15	(2) The term "continuity of the economy"
16	means the distribution of goods and services across
17	the United States necessary for the reliable func-
18	tioning of the United States economy during a sig-
19	nificant event, through key channels of interstate
20	commerce, including—
21	(A) bulk power and electric transmission
22	systems;
23	(B) national and international financial
24	systems, including wholesale payments, stocks,
25	and currency exchanges;

1	(C) national and international communica-
2	tions networks, data-hosting services, and cloud
3	services;
4	(D) interstate oil and natural gas pipe-
5	lines; and
6	(E) mechanisms for the interstate and
7	international trade and distribution of mate-
8	rials, food, and medical supplies, including
9	road, rail, air, and maritime shipping.
10	(3) The term "covered foreign adversary"
11	means—
12	(A) any foreign government or other for-
13	eign person engaged in a long-term pattern or
14	serious instances of conduct significantly ad-
15	verse to the national security of the United
16	States or the security and safety of United
17	States persons; and
18	(B) any foreign country or foreign govern-
19	ment identified as a strategic competitor in the
20	National Defense Strategy issued by the Sec-
21	retary of Defense on October 27, 2022.
22	(4) The term "covered foreign entity" means
23	any business entity—
24	(A) that is subject, directly or indirectly
25	through any chain of ownership, to the jurisdic-

1	tion, direction, or control of a covered foreign
2	adversary; or
3	(B) in which any combination of entities
4	subject, directly or indirectly through any chain
5	of ownership, to the jurisdiction, direction, or
6	control of a covered foreign adversary owns
7	more than 20 percent of the outstanding voting
8	stock or shares of the company.
9	(5) The term "covered port infrastructure
10	equipment" means any operational technology,
11	equipment, software, hardware, or cloud architecture
12	in a covered strategic seaport that sends or receives
13	any signal and is manufactured, controlled, or de-
14	signed, in whole or in part, by a covered foreign en-
15	tity.
16	(6) The term "covered strategic seaport" means
17	a United States seaport—
18	(A) that is a strategic seaport, as such
19	term is defined in section 3505(a) of the Na-
20	tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
21	Year 2014 (Public Law 113–66; 46 USC 50302
22	note); or
23	(B) that is determined by the Secretary of
24	Homeland Security, in coordination with the
25	Secretary of Defense, to be essential to the mili-

1	tary readiness, national security, and continuity
2	of the economy of the United States.
3	(7) The term "significant event" means an
4	event that causes severe degradation to economic ac-
5	tivity in the United States and that is—
6	(A) the result of a cyber attack; or
7	(B) a natural disaster or human-caused se-
8	curity incident.

